Our Learning Leaves Curriculum – History

knowledge Substantive

Disciplinary knowledge

Required prior knowledge

Y1 T1/2 - The History of

Toys/Light/Flight (an understanding that aspects of life change over time).

Y1 T3 – Who explored the oceans?

Knowledge/experience of what a seaside is through stories/visits with family.

DM - Begin to make sense of their

own life-story and family's history;

comment on images of familiar

situations in the past; compare

and contrast characters from

stories, including figures from the

ELG - Know some similarities and

past and now, drawing on their

experiences and what has been

read in class.

completed.

TBC when YR SofW are

differences between things in the

Knowledge to be explicitly taught

A **pier** is a platform on pillars that stretches out into the sea.

Segregated means set apart or divided.

A bathing machine was a wooden hut on wheels which was used to help people participate in sea bathing.

How people enjoy their time at the seaside has changed from the 1800s to 1900s to now; men and women used to bathe in segregated areas in the 1800s for example. Piers had more shows/performances in the past than they usually do now.

Innovations in transport, reduced working hours and new hotels meant it was easier for people to visit the seaside.

Punch and Judy is a puppet show that started in some form in 1662 and has been popular at the seaside for a long time.

Mary Anning is an important person who made discoveries about fossils in Lyme Regis.

How knowledge will be built upon

Y3 history curriculum - including how people lived in Ancient Egypt, during the Stone Age, Bronze Age and Iron Age.

Y3 T3 – why the earliest civilisations appeared around rivers (links to how/why seasides have changed over time).

How much have seasides changed over time?

Change & continuity: Some changes happen more quickly than others. The world is changing more quickly in more recent history.

How can we find out about how seasides have changed over time including within living memory? Handling evidence: Primary sources are sources that were created by someone who experienced the event first hand. Secondary sources are about primary sources.

What were seaside resorts like in the 1800s and 1900s? How was it different to now? Can I compare artefacts from seaside holidays in the past and order them chronologically?

Chronology: State whether a source shows life in a more or less recent time than another Chronology: Sequence artefacts/events closer together in time - check with a reference book Similarity & difference: Similarities and differences exist between two individuals who lived in the past.

Why did seaside resorts become so popular in Victorian times?

Cause and consequence: Things happen as a result of causes. Some things have lots of causes.

How was day-to-day life different in Victorian times to life now?

Change & continuity: Some changes happen more quickly than others. The world is changing more quickly in more recent history.

Similarity & difference: Similarities and differences exist between two individuals who lived in the past.

- Use chronological skills to demonstrate an understanding of the context of time in a timeline
- Understand how our knowledge of the past is constructed from a range of sources
- Make comparisons and see trends within and across eras, understand the impact of these changes on early humans, and make connections with our lives today Y3 T3
- Place Ancient Egypt on a timeline alongside other early civilisations
- Use different research methods to find out about the past

Culture and Diversity - which helps pupils to develop enquiring minds about the wider world

Developing an awareness that just as seaside holidays in the UK have changed over time, holiday resorts in other countries have changed over time too. There are always both similarities and differences between countries/parts of the world. If time allows, look into coastal holiday resorts now in other parts of the world.

How things have changed over time regarding male/female roles and why (e.g. segregated parts of the sea for men and women to bathe in in the 1800s).

Books – At the Beach by Roland Harvey, Dear Greenpeace by Simon James, Clean Up by Nathan Bryan, Stone Girl Bone Girl by Laurence Anholt, a variety of non-fiction books about seasides now and then.

Environment and Community - which helps to instill in our pupils a respect for our environment and for our local and wider communities

Environment – explore the effect of pollution on our oceans when looking at seasides today, human and physical changes over time.

Community - visit to a nearby seaside resort. Invite members of the school community originally from other parts of the world to share their insights into coastal holidays elsewhere in the world and how it compares to the UK.

Ideas for choice and challenge – make bathing machines, re-enact Punch and Judy shows, order photos chronologically to create a timeline of seaside holidays from then to now.

Learning to learn - which helps pupils to concentrate and focus and build resilience as learners Development of empathy and passion when considering our impact on the seaside environment.

Creative arts and physical development - which helps our pupils to express themselves and excel as holistic learners.

Charlton Kings Infants School – Scheme of work